Creating and Exploiting a Web of Semantic Data Tim Finin University of Maryland, Baltimore County joint work with Zarean Syed (UMBC) and colleagues at the Johns Hopkins University Human Language Technology Center of Excellence ICAART 2010, 24 January 2010

http://ebiquity.umbc.edu/resource/html/id/288/

Overview

- Introduction (and conclusion)
- A Web of linked data
- Wikitology
- Applications
- Conclusion

Conclusions

- The Web has made people *smarter* and more *capable*, providing easy access to the world's knowledge and services
- Software agents need better access to a Web of data and knowledge to enhance their intelligence
- Some key technologies are ready to exploit: Semantic Web, linked data, RDF search engines, DBpedia, Wikitology, information extraction, etc.

The Age of Big Data

- Massive amounts of data is available today on the Web, both for people and agents
- This is what's driving Google, Bing, Yahoo
- Human language advances also driven by availability of unstructured data, text and speech
- Large amounts of structured & semi-structured data is also coming online, including RDF
- We can exploit this data to enhance our intelligent agents and services

Twenty years ago...

Tim Berners-Lee's 1989 WWW proposal described a web of relationships among named objects unifying many info. management tasks.

- **Capsule history**
- Guha's MCF (~94)
- XML+MCF=>RDF (~96)
- RDF+OO=>RDFS (~99)
- RDFS+KR=>DAML+OIL (00)
- W3C's SW activity (01)
- W3C's OWL (03)
- SPARQL, RDFa (08)

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http://www.w3.org/History/1989/proposal.html



Ten yeas ago...

- The W3C began developing standards to support the Semantic Web
- The vision, technology and use cases are still evolving
- Moving from a Web of documents to a Web of data







From a Web of documents



To a Web of (Linked) Data



Web of documents vs. data

- Like a global file system
- Objects are documents, images, or videos
- Untyped links between documents
- Low degree of structure
- Implicit semantics of content and links
- Designed for human consumption

- Like a global database
- Objects are descriptions of things
- Typed inks between things
- High degree of structure
- Explicit semantics of content and links
- Designed for agents and computer programs

They can co-exist, of course, as documents comprising both text and RDF data (cf. RDFa) introduction • linked data • wikitology • applications • conclusion

Motivation for linked data

- Wikipedia as a source of knowledge
 - Wikis have turned out to be great ways to collaborate on building up knowledge resources
- Wikipedia as an **ontology**
 - Every Wikipedia page is a concept or object
- Wikipedia as RDF data
 - Map this ontology into RDF
- DBpedia as the lynchpin for Linked Data
 - Exploit its breadth of coverage to integrate things

Wikipedia is the new Cyc

- There's a history of using encyclopedias to develop KBs
- Cyc's original goal (c. 1984) was to encode the knowledge in a desktop encyclopedia



- And use it as an integrating ontology
- Wikipedia is comparable to Cyc's original desktop encyclopedia
- But it's machine accessible and malleable
- And available (mostly) in RDF!

Dbpedia: Wikipedia in RDF

- A community effort to extract structured information from
 Wikipedia and publish as RDF Diagon the Web
- Effort started in 2006 with EU funding
- Data and software open sourced
- DBpedia doesn't extract information from Wikipedia's text (yet), but from its structured information, e.g., infoboxes, links, categories, redirects, etc.

DBpedia's ontologies

- DBpedia's representation makes the schema explicit and accessible
 - But initially inherited most of the problems in the underlying implicit schema
- Integration with the Yago ontology added richness
- Since version 3.2 (11/08) DBpedia began developing a explicit OWL ontology and mapping it to the native Wikipedia terms

DBpedia ontology

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URI Lookup

Johns Hopkins University

Search

(c) 2008, Georgi Kobilarov, Freie Universität Berlin

http://lookup.dbpedia.org/

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Johns Hopkins University EducationalInstitution Organisation Resource University

The Johns Hopkins University is a private university based in Baltimore, Maryland, United States. Johns Hopkins also maintains full-time campuses elsewhere in Maryland, Washington, D.C., Italy, and China.

Johns Hopkins University Press

The Johns Hopkins University Press is a publishing house and division of Johns Hopkins University that engages in publishing journals and books. It was founded in 1878 and holds the distinction of being the oldest continuously running university press in the United States. Its headquarters are in the Charles Village neighborhood of Baltimore, Maryland. Among the authors it has published, the following are especially noteworthy: Newt Gingrich, Beverly Whipple, Frans de Waal, Jacques Derrida, E.L. Doctorow, Donald Kennedy, Brian Lamb, Nancy Mace, H.L. Mencken, Albert Schweitzer, and E.O. Wilson.

Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine EducationalInstitution Organisation Resource University The Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine, located in Baltimore, Maryland, U.S., is the academic medical teaching and research arm of Johns Hopkins University. The School of Medicine is widely regarded as one of the best medical schools and biomedical research institutes in the world. Located in East Baltimore, it is affiliated with Johns Hopkins Hospital, its major teaching hospital, as well as several other community sites, including the Johns Hopkins Bayview Medical Center, Sinai Hospital, Howard County General Hospital and Greater Baltimore Medical Center.

Applied Physics Laboratory

The Johns Hopkins University Applied Physics Laboratory (APL), located in Laurel, Maryland, is a not-for-profit, university-affiliated research center employing 4,150 people. APL is primarily a defense contractor.

Paul H. Nitze School of Advanced International Studies

Mission To provide a professional education that simultaneously adheres to the highest standards of scholarship and takes a practical approach to training students for international leadership. To conduct scholarly research related to the concerns of public and private institutions of the United States and governments of other countries and disseminate that research to a broad audience concerned with foreign relations. To offer mid-career educational opportunities for those already working in international affairs.



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About: Johns Hopkins University

An Entity in Data Space: dbpedia.org

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The Johns Hopkins University is a private university based in Baltimore, Maryland, United States. Johns Hopkins also maintains fulltime campuses elsewhere in Maryland, Washington, D.C., Italy, and China.

Property	Value
dbpedia-owl:athletics	 dbpedia:Centennial_Conference dbpedia:Division_I dbpedia:Division_III dbpedia:National_Collegiate_Athletic_Association
dbpedia-owl:city	 dbpedia:Baltimore%2C_Maryland
dbpedia-owl:colours	 Academic: Gold & Sable {{color boxlgold}} {{color boxlblack}} Athletic: Columbia blue & Black {{color boxl#9BDDFF}} {{color boxlblack}}
dbpedia-owl:country	 dbpedia:United_States
dbpedia-owl:endowment	• 2.8
dbpedia-owl:established	• 1876
dbpedia-owl:faculty	• 3100
dbpedia-owl:mascot	Blue Jay
dbpedia-owl:motto	 Veritas vos liberabit (The truth shall make you free)
dbpedia-owl:postgrad	• 14275
dbpedia-owl:president	 dbpedia:William_RBrody
dbpedia-owl:staff	• 15000
dbpedia-owl:state	dbpedia:Maryland
dbpedia-owl:type	 dbpedia:Private_university
dbpedia-owl:undergrad	 4478
dbpprop:abstract	The Johns Hopkins University is a private university based in Baltimore, Maryland, United

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What are Barack Obama's properties whose values are places?



Consider Baltimore, MD

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About: Baltimore, Maryland

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About: Baltimore, Maryland

An Entity in Data Space: dbpedia.org

Baltimore is an independent city and the largest city in the state of Maryland in the United States. Baltimore is located in central Maryland at the head of the tidal portion of the Patapsco River, an arm of the Chesapeake Bay, and is approximately 40 miles northeast of Washington D.C.. Founded in 1729, Baltimore is a major U.S. seaport and is situated closer to major Midwestern markets than any other major seaport on the East Coast.

Value
 410, 443
• 80.8
• 92.1
• 11.3
- 33 - 10
Founded
• 1729
• 17
• N
• 11
• 39
 dbpedia:Sheila_Dixon dbpedia:United_States_Democratic_Party
 Mayor
• 76
• 36
• W
• 54
 "The Greatest City in America", "Get in on it." "Believe." (formerly "The City That Reads")"
 Charm City, Mob Town, Crabtown, B-more, The City of Firsts, Monument City, B-Town, Ravenstown
 Charm City, Mob Town, Crabtown, B-more, The City of Firsts, Monument City, B-Town, Ravenstown
• 2007
 8058.4
 2668056
 637455
• 2178000

Links between RDF datasets

• We find assertions equating DBpedia's Baltimore object with those in other LOD datasets

dbpedia:Baltimore%2C_Maryland owl:sameAs census:us/md/counties/baltimore/baltimore; owl:sameAs cyc:concept/Mx4rvVin-5wpEbGdrcN5Y29ycA; owl:sameAs freebase:guid.9202a8c04000641f8000004921a; owl:sameAs geonames:4347778/.

- Since owl:sameAs is defined as an equivalence relation, the mapping works both ways
- Mappings are done by custom programs, machine learning, and manual techniques

Wikitology

- We've explored a complementary approach to derive an ontology from Wikipedia: Wikitology
- Wikitology use cases:
 - Identifying user context in a collaboration system from documents viewed (2006)
 - Improve IR accuracy of by adding Wikitology tags to documents (2007)
 - ACE: cross document co-reference resolution for named entities in text (2008)
 - -TAC KBP: Knowledge Base population from text (2009)



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 - –ACE 2008: cross document co-reference resolution for named entities in text (2008)
 - -TAC 2009: Knowledge Base population from text (2009)

ACE 2008: Cross-Document Coreference Resolution

- Determine when two documents mention the same entity
 - Are two documents that talk about "George Bush" talking about the same George Bush?
 - Is a document mentioning "Mahmoud Abbas" referring to the same person as one mentioning "Muhammed Abbas"? What about "Abu Abbas"? "Abu Mazen"?
- Drawing appropriate inferences from multiple documents demands crossdocument coreference resolution





ACE 2008: Wikitology tagging

William Wallace

William Wallace

(of Braveheart fame

Abu Abbas

aka Muhammad Zaydan aka Muhammad Abbas

- NIST ACE 2008: cluster named entity mentions in 20K English and Arabic documents
- We produced an *entity document* for mentions with name, nominal and pronominal mentions, type and subtype, and nearby words
- Tagged these with Wikitology producing vectors to compute features measuring entity pair similarity
- One of many features for an SVM classifier

Wikitology Entity Document & Tags

Wikitology entity document

<DOC>

<DOCNO>ABC19980430.1830.0091.LDC2000T44-E2 <DOCNO> <TEXT>

Webb Hubbell **Annual Name**

PER

Type & subtype

Individual

NAM: "Hubbell" "Hubbells" "Webb Hubbell" "Webb_Hubbell" PRO: "he" "him" "his"

Mention heads abc's accountant after again ago all alleges alone also and arranged attorney avoid been before being betray but came can cat charges cheating circle clearly close concluded conspiracy cooperate counsel counsel's department did disgrace do dog dollars earned eightynine enough evasion feel financial firm first four friend friends going got grand happening has he help him hi s hope house hubbell hubbells hundred hush income increase independent indict indicted indictment inner investigating jackie jackie_judd jail jordan judd jury justice kantor ken knew lady late law left lie little make many mickey mid money mr my nineteen nineties ninetyfour not nothing now office other others paying peter jennings president's pressure pressured probe prosecutors questions reported reveal rock saddened said schemed seen seven since starr statement such tax taxes tell them they thousand time today ultimately vernon washington webb webb_hubbell were what's whether which white whitewater why wife years

years

</TEXT> </DOC>

Words surrounding mentions

Wikitology article tag vector

Webster_Hubbell 1.000 Hubbell_Trading_Post National Historic Site 0.379 United_States_v._Hubbell 0.377 Hubbell_Center 0.226 Whitewater_controversy 0.222

Wikitology category tag vector

Clinton_administration_controversies 0.204 American_political_scandals 0.204 Living_people 0.201 1949_births 0.167 People_from_Arkansas 0.167 Arkansas_politicians 0.167 American_tax_evaders 0.167 Arkansas_lawyers 0.167

Top Ten Features (by F1)

Prec.	Recall	F1	Feature Description	
90.8%	76.6%	83.1%	some NAM mention has an exact match	
92.9%	71.6%	80.9%	Dice score of NAM strings (based on the intersection of NAM strings, not words or n-grams of NAM strings)	
95.1%	65.0%	77.2%	the/a longest NAM mention is an exact match	
86.9%	66.2%	75.1% Similarity based on cosine similarity of Wikitology Article Medium article tag vector		
86.1%	65.4%	74.3%	Similarity based on cosine similarity of Wikitology Article Long article tag vector	
64.8%	82.9%	72.8%	Dice score of character bigrams from the 'longest' NAM string	
95.9%	56.2%	70.9%	all NAM mentions have an exact match in the other pair	
85.3%	52.5%	65.0%	Similarity based on a match of entities' top Wikitology article tag	
85.3%	52.3%	64.8%	Similarity based on a match of entities' top Wikitology article tag	
85.7%	32.9%	47.5%	Pair has a known alias	

The Wikitology-based features were very useful

Wikipedia's Social Network

- Wikipedia has an implicit 'social network' that can help disambiguate PER mentions (ORGs & GPEs too)
- We extracted 875K people from Freebase, 616K of were linked to
 Wikipedia pages, 431K of which are in one of 4.8M person-person article links
- Consider a document that mentions two people: George Bush and Mr. Quayle
- There are six George Bushes in Wikipedia and nine Male Quayles

Which Bush & which Quayle?





Six George Bushes

Nine Male Quayles

Use Jaccard coefficient metric

- Let Si = {two hop neighbors of Si}
- Cij = |intersection(Si,Sj)| / | union(Si,Sj) |

Cij>0 for six of the 56 possible pairs

0.43 George_H._W._Bush -- Dan_Quayle

0.24 George_W._Bush -- Dan_Quayle

0.18 George_Bush_(biblical_scholar) -- Dan_Quayle

0.02 George_Bush_(biblical_scholar) -- James_C._Quayle

0.02 George_H._W._Bush -- Anthony_Quayle

0.01 George_H._W._Bush -- James_C._Quayle





Knowledge Base Population

- The 2009 NIST Text Analysis Conference had
 a Knowledge Base Population track
 - Add facts to a reference KB from a collection of 1.3M English newswire documents
- Given initial KB of facts from Wikipedia infoboxes: 200k people, 200k GPEs, 60k orgs, 300+k misc/non-entities
- Two fundamental tasks:
 - Entity Linking Grounding entity mentions in documents to KB entries
 - Slot Filling Learning additional attributes about target entities

Sample KB Entry

<entity wiki_title="Michael_Phelps"

- type="PER"
- id="E0318992"
- name="Michael Phelps">

<facts class="Infobox Swimmer">

<fact name="swimmername">Michael Phelps</fact>

<fact name="fullname">Michael Fred Phelps</fact>

<fact name="nicknames">The Baltimore Bullet</fact>

<fact name="nationality">United States</fact>

<fact name="strokes">Butterfly, Individual Medley, Freestyle, Backstroke</fa

<fact name="club">Club Wolverine, University of Michigan</fact> <fact name="birthdate">June 30, 1985 (1985-06-30) (age 23)</fact> <fact name="birthplace">Baltimore, Maryland, United States</fact> <fact name="height">6 ft 4 in (1.93 m)</fact>

<fact name="weight">200 pounds (91 kg)</fact>

</facts>

<wiki_text><![CDATA[Michael Phelps

Michael Fred Phelps (born June 30, 1985) is an American swimmer. He has Olympic gold medals, the most by any Olympian. As of August 2008, he also world records in swimming. Phelps holds the record for the most gold medal single Olympics with the eight golds he won at the 2008 Olympic Games...



Michael Phelps at the 2008 Beijing Olympics

14 A		
	Personal information	
Full name:	Michael Fred Phelps	
Nickname(s)	: The Baltimore Bullet ^[1]	
Nationality:	United States	
Stroke(s):	Butterfly, Individual Medle	y, Freestyle,
	Backstroke	
Club:	Club Wolverine,	
	University of Michigan	
Date of birth	: June 30, 1985 (age 23)	
Place of	Baltimore, Maryland, Unite	d States
birth:		
Height:	6 ft 4 in (1.93 m)	
Weight:	200 pounds (91 kg)	
	Medal record	[show]
Entity Linking Task



John Williams

Richard Kaufman goes a long way back with John Williams. Trained as a classical violinist, Californian Kaufman started doing session work in the Hollywood studios in the 1970s. One of his movies was Jaws, with Williams conducting his score in recording sessions in 1975...

Michael Phelps

Debbie Phelps, the mother of swimming star **Michael Phelps**, who won a record eight gold medals in Beijing, is the author of a new memoir, ...

Michael Phelps is the scientist most often identified as the inventor of PET, a technique that permits the imaging of biological processes in the organ systems of living individuals. **Phelps** has ...

John Williams	author	1922-1994
J. Lloyd Williams	botanist	1854-1945
John Williams	politician	1955-
John J. Williams	US Senator	1904-1988
John Williams	Archbishop	1582-1650
John Williams	composer	1932-
Jonathan Williams	poet	1929-

Michael Phelps	swimmer	1985-
Michael Phelps	biophysicist	1939-

Identify matching entry, or determine that entity is missing from KB

Slot Filling Task

Target: EPA + context document



Generic Entity Classes Person, Organization, GPE

Missing information to mine from text:

- Date formed: 12/2/1970
- > Website: http://www.epa.gov/
- Headquarters: Washington, DC
- Nicknames: EPA, USEPA
- > Type: federal agency
- > Address: 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue NW

Optional: Link some learned values within the KB: > Headquarters: Washington, DC (kbid: 735)

KB Entity Attributes

Person

alternate names age birth: date, place death: date, place, cause national origin residences spouse children parents siblings other family schools attended job title employee-of member-of

Organization

alternate names political/religious affiliation top members/employees number of employees members member of subsidiaries parents founded by founded dissolved headquarters shareholders website

Geo-Political Entity

alternate names capital subsidiary orgs top employees political parties established population currency

religion criminal charges

HLTCOE* Entity Linking: Approach

* Human Language Technology Center of Excellence

- Two-phased approach
 - 1. Candidate Set Identification
 - 2. Candidate Ranking
- Candidate Set Identification
 - Small set of easy-to-compute features
 - Speed linear in size of KB
 - Constant-time possible, though recall could fall
- Candidate Ranking
 - Supervised machine learning (SVM)
 - Goal is to rank candidates

- Many features Many, many features

 Experimental development with 100s tests on held-out data

Phase 1: Candidate Identification

- 'Triage' features:
 - String comparison
 - Exact/Fuzzy String match, Acronym match
 - Known aliases
 - Wikipedia redirects provide rich set of alternate names
- Statistics
 - 98.6% recall (vs. 98.8% on dev. data)
 - Median = 15 candidates; Mean = 76; Max = 2772
 - 10% of queries <= 4 candidates; 10% > 100 candidates
 - 4 orders of magnitude reduction in number of entities considered









Candidate Phase Failures

- Iron Lady
 - EL 1687: refers to Yulia Tymoshenko (prime minister)
 - EL 1694: refers to Biljana Plavsic (war criminal)
- PCC
 - EL 2885: Cuban Communist Party (in Spanish: Partido Comunista de Cuba)
- Queen City
 - EL 2973: Manchester, NH (active nickname)
 - EL 2974: Seattle, WA (former nickname)
- The Lions
 - EL 3402: Highveld Lions (South African professional cricket team) in KB as: 'Highveld_Lions_cricket_team'





Candidate Phase Failure Examples

Sweden on Thursday rejected an appeal by former Bosnian Serb president and convicted war criminal Biljana Plavsic for a pardon to end her 11-year jail sentence there, the justice ministry said.

Plavsic, 76, had requested a pardon on the grounds of her advanced age, failing health and poor prison conditions that she said made her sentence "much, much longer."

The International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia (ICTY) in The Hague sentenced Plavsic in February 2003 for crimes against humanity during the country's 1992-95 war, which claimed more than 200,000 lives.

The self-styled Bosnian Serb "Iron Lady" is the highest ranking official of the former Yugoslavia to have acknowledged responsibility for the atrocities committed in the Balkan wars. A headline across the top of the P-I front page carried big news: Seattle had just become the first town in America to vote AGAINST a bid to repeal its city ordinance prohibiting discrimination against gays and lesbians.

Anita Bryant and her ilk were turned back by a civic campaign, chaired by Mayor Charrley Royer's then-wife Rosanne, arguing the right to privacy.

The remarkable vote, in what was then called the Queen City, was driven home on the way home as I dragged my duffel bag through customs in San Francisco. Supervisor Dianne Feinstein was on TV announcing that Mayo George Moscone and gay fellow superviso Harvey Milk had been murdered.



Phase 2: Candidate Ranking

- Supervised Machine Learning
 - SVMrank (Joachims)
 - Trained on 1615 examples
 - About 200 atomic features, most binary
 - Cost function:
 - Number of swaps to elevate correct candidate to top of ranked list
 - "None of the above" (NIL) is an acceptable choice

"According to the CDC the prevalence of H1N1 influenza in California prisons has..."

"William C. Norris, 95, founder of the mainframe computer firm CDC., died Aug. 21 in a nursing home ... "

Query = "CDC"

- 1. California Dept. of Corrections
- 2. US Center for Disease Control
- 3. Cedar City Regional Airport (IATA code)
- 4. Communicable Disease Centre (Singapore)
- 5. Congress for Democratic Change (Liberian political party)
- 6. Cult of the Dead Cow (Hacker organization)
- 7. Control Data Corporation
- 8. NIL (Absence from KB)
- 9. Consumers for Dental Choice (non-profit)
- 10. Cheerdance Competition (Philippine organization)

Results: top five systems

Team	All	in KB	NIL			
Siel_093	0.8217	0.7654	0.8641	Int. Inst. Of IT, Hyderabad IN		
QUANTA1	0.8033	0.7725	0.8264	Tsinghua University		
hltcoe1	0.7984	0.7063	0.8677			
Stanford_UBC2	0.7884	0.7588	0.8107			
NLPR_KBP1	0.7672	0.6925	0.8232	Institute for PR, China		
'NIL' Baseline	0.5710	0.0000	1.0000			
Micro-averaged accuracy						

Micro-averaged accuracy

Of the 13 entrants, the HLTCOE system placed third, but the differences between 2, 3 and 4 are not significant

KBP Conclusions

- Significant reductions in number of KB nodes examined possible with minimal loss of recall
- Supervised machine learning with a variety of features over query/KB node pairs is effective
- More features is better; Wikitology features were largely redundant with KB
- Optimal feature set selection varies with likelihood that query targets are in KB

Application to TAC KBP

- Using entity network data extracted from Dbpedia and Wikipedia provides evidence to support KBP tasks:
 - Mapping document mentions into infobox entities
 - Mapping potential slot fillers into infobox entities
 - Evaluating the coherence of entities as potential slot fillers

Conclusions

- The Web has made people *smarter* and more *capable*, providing easy access to the world's knowledge and services
- Software agents need better access to a Web of data and knowledge to enhance their intelligence
- Some key technologies are ready to exploit: Semantic Web, linked data, RDF search engines, DBpedia, Wikitology, information extraction, etc.

Conclusion

- Hybrid systems like Wikitology combining IR, RDF, and custom graph algorithms are promising
- The linked open data (LOD) collection is a good source of *background knowledge*, useful in many tasks, e.g., extracting information from text
- The techniques can support distributed LOD collections for your domain: bioinformatics, finance, eco-informatics, etc.

http://ebiquity.umbc.edu/